(c) Use total Demand and Supply of animal feeds at present are as under;—

Demand	Supply
38.05 mt	46.18 mt

(d) Government of India is providing assistance to States for production of oilseed pulses and cereal crop, for feed and fodder development. The ongoing research works being carried out by ICAR nave also resulted in production of highly yielding varieties of oilseed pulses, cereal crops, fodder seeds etc.

Aggrement between India and Morocco

†499. SHRI BACHANI LEKHRAJ: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that India and Morocco has reached into an agreement in the field of apiculture;

(b) if so, so details thereof and by when it is likely to be implimented and

(c) whether the State of Gujarat is likely to be benefited from the implementation of the same?

IKE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S.B.P.B.K. SATYANARAYANA RAO): No Agreement in the field of Agriculture has been reached between India and Morocco.

(b) and (c) Question do not arise.

Dumping of Nuclear waste in Pokhran, Rajasthan

500. SHRI K.M. KHAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to

† Original notice of the was recieved in Hindi.

dump the nuclear waste of the country in a tiny village near Pokhran in Rajasthan;

(b) if so the details of the safety measures that have been taken by Government in order that the nuclear radiation may not adversely affect the health of the nearby villagers; and

(c) what are the reasons that the danger free zones are not being used for this purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY (SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) The size of the Indian Nuclear Power programme is relatively small and we have more than two decades to do the necessary research and development to decide on the safest possible mode of disposal and such a study will also take into account the safest possible location ("Danger free zones") in the country.

Decision on Hazardous Nuclear Waste

501. SHRI R.P. GOENKA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have decided that hazardous nuclear waste from various plants will be disposed off in Rajasthan and Madhya Pradesh;

(b) whether burying nuclear waste in granite is not extremely dangerous since granite can crack and water seep in with the result that radiation may spread out; and

(c) whether it is a fact that a study of Rajasthan University has found a rise in cancer cases in Pokharan after 1974?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY (SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE): (a) No, Sir,

(b) No, Sir. As regards the mode of disposal of high level wastes is concerned, after undertaking intensive studies and necessary R&D